GAA Oral History Project

Interview Report Form

Name of Interviewer	Laura Kelly	
Date of Interview	27 th March 2009	
Location	Interviewee's home	
Name of Interviewee (Maiden name / Nickname)	Greg Kelly	
Biographical Summary of Interviewee		
Gender	Male	
Born	Year Born: 1952	
	Home County: Fermanagh	
Education (Optional)	Primary: St Michael's Primary School Secondary: St Michael's Grammar School	
	Third Level: Queens University Belfast	
Family	N/A	
Club(s)	St. Paul's, Andersontown, Belfast [Antrim]; Enniskillen Gaels [Fermanagh]	
Occupation	Retired teacher	
Parents' Occupation	N/A	
Religion	Roman Catholic	
Political Affiliation / Membership	Nationalist	

REFERENCE NO. FR/1/4

Date of Report	29 th August 2012
Period Covered	1952- present
Counties/Countries Covered	Fermanagh, Antrim
Key Themes Covered	Travel, Supporting, Grounds, Facilities, Playing, Training, Managing, Role of the Club in the Community, Volunteers, Club History, Northern Ireland, The Troubles
Interview Summary	00:00 Introduction to interview
	00:46 Background information. Born in Enniskillen in 1952 after parents moved in from countryside
	01:20 Parents background- came from town lands surrounding Enniskillen. Father- solicitor's clerk and mother-housewife
	02:05 Position in family –eldest child with 3 younger sisters
	02:19 Lived in Belfast as an adult attending Queens University 1971- 1985 working in Royal Victoria hospital for a number of years. Left Belfast in 1985 to return to Enniskillen
	03:10 earliest memories of the GAA. Father deeply involved at club and county level – took him to matches on the old Gaelic field on Sligo Road, Enniskillen
	03:47 Father took him to Croke Park in 1960 and 1961 to the All Ireland Semi-Final Two years that Down became the first six county team to win the All Ireland.
	04:19 Sligo Road Enniskillen Gaels Club pitch – 'a pitch in inverted commas' River Erne used to come up onto the pitch in winter- 'it was kind of like water polo at times, but we persevered'
	04:45 Street leagues- earliest memory of playing
	05:00 First attempts to play the game- didn't play with club until 14 years old. First match playing Ederney at U16 level as corner forward
	05:39 At school, played at primary school level in school yard.
	05:47 father had encouraged and coached him before there

was coaching in school
06:09 Fathers involvement – County secretary from 1939- 1949 while still playing football with home club Cavanacross
06:39 Father came into town in 1951 and became an administrator for Enniskillen Gaels – held a number of positions
07:23 difference in GAA of childhood to today
Youth- most children had to learn football as they went along as no official coaching like today
08:10 One man- Jim Dooris coached youth.
08:27 Coaching in youth Jim Dooris who took underage teams 'Jim will do it, we'll not have to bother' when it came to youth structure
09.22 facilities have changed 'No such thing as standing on muddy grassy banks'
09:57 Heroes. John Vessy who came from Achill Island to teach, joined club in 1960 and rose to become president of association in Ulster after spending time as county and club chairman etc. Great leader led by example
09:40 clubs associated with – Enniskillen Gaels and St Paul's, Belfast. After getting married he couldn't travel home to play for Gaels so transferred to St Paul's. Played in St Paul's for eight years Good social outlet
10:12 Club notable successes or disappointments. Underage level in home town – had success at U16 minor level. 1976 Club won its first Senior Championship for 46 years- team managed by John Vessy and Michael Brewster which stand is named after- good break through for club. Good achievement in a town were soccer dominated
11:23 A priest who had brought team together and club went on to win championships later.
12:55 How did your role change in the club? Maintained an association with home club while in Belfast. On returning to Enniskillen in 1985 became youth officer – for ten years
13:48 appointed club secretary for ten years until 1994
14:19 challenges whilst secretary. Particularly as Enniskillen running a county ground.
15:00 Relationships with other sports in locality quite good

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	with a lot of dual players. Previously may not have been good due to the ban on foreign sports, but since has been good. Some accommodation between youth so they don't have to choose between sports.
	17:00 higher profile of GAA has made GAA more attractive to youth.
	17:30 Low level of Irish language in local club. Some attempts to promote language, but not a major tradition.
	18:20 Social benefits of being apart of club. Particularly during troubles. People helping club members out with work.
	20:24 Sacrifices to be made. Time consuming in terms of family.
	21:24 Woman's roles changing- used to be washing jerseys and making tea. Mrs Henderson became president of club. Present secretary Finnoloa Donegan and seems to becoming quite common among county clubs. Women's football.
	22:54 GAA as a voluntary organisation. Should continue to be the core of the organisation, however in modern life it may be necessary to have some full time officials. Team managers may have to be legitimised, but there it has to stop. The day we pay players, pay people to clean out dressing rooms is the day that we will die.
	23:26 County level. Fermanagh supporter. 1959 All Ireland junior success- mother brought him to see home coming as father was sick
	23.54 2004 Reached All Ireland semi final
	24:20 Wife's from county Tyrone
	24:55 Antrim while living in Belfast.
	25:10 Phone interruption
	25:42 Introduction
	26:20 Railway Cup did not particularly affect feeling towards other provincial counties- would have always supported Ulster teams. Mentions players: Tommy Durnan in 1940's, PT Tracy, Michael Brewster, Paul and Tom Brewster
	27:27 Media coverage of the GAA – double edged sword- whilst we need coverage, the media has their own agenda to follow- tend to try and get controversy .

	28:30 Own identity – 32 county organisation, nationalist ideals
	29:50 experience of politics evident in club. In Belfast during Troubles, affairs intertwined. Club raids by British army. Had car high jacked during a club meeting.
	32:18 more recent roles in GAA. Secretary of Club and Youth Secretary- anxious to get involved when no longer a player.
	34:50 appointed county secretary in 2005
	35:35 Success at getting to Ulster Final.
	37:25 Feelings on changes in GAA. Removal of the ban on foreign games. Playing other sports
	38:44 Rule 21
	39:25 Rule 42
	40:36 Difference in GAA in South/North- Troubles may have heightened spirit of teams.
	41:00 Tackling sectarianism within sport – isolated incident
	42:50 Role of GAA as a teacher – girl's school- took some time to take off.
	43:10 Department of Educations role in GAA in schools. Recent development- funding coaches
	44:30 Memorable match. 1976 Enniskillen won Championship for first time in 46 years. Playing junior football- 1989- a game were everything went right for him, but sustained an injury in process.
Involvement in GAA	✓ Supporter ✓ Player ✓ Manager □ Coach ✓ Steward
	□ Chairperson ✓ Committee Member □ Grounds-person
	🗆 Caterer 🗆 Jersey Washer 🗆 Referee 🗆 None
	□ Other (please specify):
Record as a Player (Titles won; Length of time played)	N/A
Record as an	Enniskillen Gaels Secretary
Administrator (Positions held; how	Enniskillen Gaels Cultural Officer
long for)	Fermanagh Assistant secretary

REFERENCE NO. FR/1/4

	Fermanagh Secretary
	Enniskillen Ladies Secretary 2008- on-going
Format	✓ Audio □ Audio-Visual
Duration	Length of Interview: 00:45:27
Language	English

To be filled in by Interviewer:

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Signed: Laura Kelly

Date: 30.04.09